

1) Insert Command :- Oracle allows us to insert value in a table using insert command. In the insert command, table column and values have described one to one relationship. The first value described is inserted in the first column and second value described is entered into ~~the second column~~ ^{the second} and so on.

Syntax :-

Insert into <table name> (<column name 1> <column name 2> ...)
values ('value 1', 'value 2', ...);

or

Insert into <table name> values ('value 1', 'value 2', ...);

● For multiple record insertion :-

Syntax :- Insert into <table name> values (& Column name, & Column name ...);

eg → Insert into sfds values ('& sfdid', '& sfdsname');

4) Modify Cmd → This cmd is used modify data in the table. We use in this cmd we can modify all the record from the table and also we can modify some specific record in the table.

using this cmd we can modify single column data also we can modify more than one column data.

Syntax :- update <table name> set <column name> = value;

eg → update emp set emp.name = 1000;